

THE BATTLE OF AUGUSTOWO

Germans Forsaking Russian Poland in Disorderly Haste

A despatch from Petrograd says: An official communication from the general staff headquarters here, says:

"The Battle of Augustowo ended October 3, in a victory for the Russian arms. The German defeat is complete. The enemy is in a disordered retreat, and in flight toward the East Prussian frontier. The valiant Russian troops are in close pursuit, the Germans abandoning in their desperate march trains, cannons and munitions, not having even time to gather up their wounded. It is already known that the Battle of Augustowo began on September 29 with a bombardment by the German heavy artillery in the region of Sopotkin (on the left bank of the River Niemen), followed by an offensive movement by the

enemy against the same fortified town. At the same time the Germans made repeated efforts to crush and dislocate the Russian forces near Druskeniki, on the Niemen. On September 26 the Germans also began an attack on the fortresses of Ossowetz, but everywhere met with fierce resistance, and were compelled to retreat. Not satisfied with counter-attacks, our troops took the offensive vigorously and pursued the enemy. Notwithstanding the energetic resistance offered by the Germans, they could not check the onward rush of our troops, who captured the enemy's positions, one after another. Routed by this irresistible engagement, the Germans weakened, and are leaving our territory in haste. At certain points this retreat is degenerating into a flight."

AUSTRIA TO PAY ITALY \$1,000,000

Officially Deplores Losses Caused by Mining of the Adriatic.

A despatch from Rome, via Havre, says: The Austrian Government has been quick to realize the dangerous situation created in Italy by the sinking of a floating mine of an Italian fishing boat in the Adriatic, about 20 miles from Ancona. Seventeen lives were lost by this accident, and the Italian Government made a strong protest against the presence of these mines in the open sea and a demand for indemnity.

The Austrian Government sent a communication to Italy deploring the incident, and giving assurances that measures would be taken to prevent a repetition of such a disaster. Austria also agreed to the immediate payment of an indemnity of \$1,000,000 to the families of the victims. The incident is now considered closed.

The quick conciliatory action of the Dual Monarchy saved it from a serious situation. The Italian fishing boat had been brought to a standstill, and there was widespread indignation over the destruction of the fishing vessel by mines planted by the Austrians.

CRACOW BATTLE COMMENCED

Russian Army Lines Up to Force a Passage Into Germany.

A despatch from London says: The advance guard of the great Russian army, marching through Galicia on its way to Breslau and Berlin, has reached Cracow, and the battle upon whose result depends the fate of German Silesia has begun. The combined German and Austrian force defending Cracow, the latter consisting of the remnant of the Austrian army that was able to retreat from Lemberg, has taken the offensive and is endeavoring to block the passage of the Russians. The Austro-German position is one of great strength, and it is expected that the battle will be long and sanguinary. The Russians hope, however, to be able to screen Cracow with part of their army, so that while the engagement is proceeding the rest of the Czar's myriads may advance over the German border and strike Breslau.

GETTING READY FOR WINTER

German Factories in the Empire Are Busy Making Fur Clothing For the Soldiers

A despatch from Rotterdam says: Germans are pushing forward with the utmost vigor their preparations for a winter campaign. Until recently, apparently, they had not conceived such an eventuality, but in the last few weeks they have learned much.

All the high-class shops that formerly did nothing but make the best fur garments for ladies are busily engaged in the manufacture of sheep-skin clothing for soldiers, and no fewer than 150,000 fur coats

have been delivered, presumably for the use of officers. Two million sheep and lamb skins have been bought by the Government for winter garments for the men.

Workers who are ordinarily employed in the glove industry have been withdrawn from the ranks and are now working day and night to provide those in the field with skin clothing.

For cavalry special leather leg protectors are being made out of leather intended for gloves.

Servians Capture Austrian Positions

A despatch from Nish says: An official statement records a desperate fight in Bosnia, which resulted in the capture of three Austrian positions. The statement quotes an

order of the Austrian commander at Semlin sharply criticizing the Austrian troops, and says this indicates that they are in a demoralized condition.

HURLED FORCES AGAINST ROYE

Germans Continue Their Efforts to Break Through Allies' Lines.

A despatch from the battlefield, via Paris, says: The scene of the most violent attacks changes day by day. The Germans, finding it impossible to penetrate the allied lines in the vicinity of Rheims and Soissons, quickly transported many of their divisions farther north-west and hurled them against Roye. Again they failed, although they have not ceased their efforts to batter down the barrier of allies.

The allies' turning movement continues and their western wing extends toward Arras. Reports from the other end of the line on the frontier show the progress of the allies to be slow, but sure. Hundreds of German prisoners fell into the hands of the allies at every point, and it was remarked that among them the majority were Bavarians, who seem to have been prominent in the front of the German attack.

The lines of the trenches make the battle front appear like deeply scarred fields. The allies, who quickly learned the lesson in burrowing, at some places face the Germans within a quarter of a mile. Their field entrenchments offer admirable shelter from the effects of the German artillery, which consequently reduces their casualties and permits the allies to await in comparative safety the German attacks, which must be made across the open, and often at terrible cost.

"I GAVE GOLD FOR THIS."

So Says Legend on Ring of Iron Given to German Women.

A despatch from Rome via Paris, says: The women of Germany, according to reports received here, are busily at work preparing woollen garments for the soldiers in the battle line. The clothing is made up according to measures, shapes and colors established by the Government. The reports also state that a committee of women has been formed for the purpose of inducing all the women of Germany to give up their gold ornaments with the idea of transforming them into money with which to buy arms. Several million marks have thus been gathered up to this time. Each woman receives in exchange for her gold this.

British Vessel Sunk

A despatch from Callao, Peru, says: The Kosmos steamer Marie arrived here with the crew of the British steamer Bankfields, which was sunk by the German cruiser Leipzig off Eten, Peru. The crew of the Bankfields have appealed to the British Consul here in the hope of obtaining their liberty. The men said that their ship carried a cargo of sugar valued at \$500,000.

27 Steamers Sunk in September.

A despatch from London says: Eighteen steamers, of an aggregate tonnage of 29,581, have been sunk by German warships during September, according to a Board of Trade report, while nine steamers were destroyed by mines in the North Sea in the same period, 76 lives being lost.



The Turks, the Algerian "Fire-Eaters" of the French Army, Leaving Paris.

These hardy, muscular fighters of the 19th Corps, Algeria, the French possess in Africa, are the most fearless of the fighting men arrayed by the French against the Germans. Their daring assaults under General d'Amade on the German batteries trained against these dark-hued tirailleurs (sharpshooters) utterly demoralized the German gunners, who are unaccustomed to meeting such fearless "fire-eaters" as the men pictured here. When in the thick of battle these trained-to-the-minute fighters, who are accustomed to the hard life on the desert sands, know naught of fear.

LOSSES MORE THAN 1,000,000

During First Six Weeks 310,000 French and 500,000 Germans

A despatch from New York says: A letter received by a New York physician from a reputable source in France contains the startling information that the French losses killed, wounded and prisoners for the six weeks' fighting up to and including the battle of the Marne, were slightly over 300,000, perhaps 310,000, exclusive of the English losses, which, the writer says, "have been fairly large in comparison to the small number of their engaged army." If credence may be placed in the French statements

that in most cases the German losses were larger than those sustained by the French—and the German army was on the offensive in all the fighting up to the time for which the figures are given—it would seem to be a fair estimate of the German losses in killed, wounded and prisoners for the same six weeks at close to 500,000 men in the western theatre of war alone, not taking into account their losses in the fighting against the Russians. Including the losses of the Battle of the Aisne the total losses must be well over 1,000,000.

ENEMY LOSES ADVANTAGE.

Forced to Fall Back From Ground Gained Near Roye.

A despatch from the battlefield says: Trench after trench of the German line fell into the possession of the allies after most vigorous assaults, carried home with determination combined with the newly learned lesson of caution.

The Germans, who had borne back the allies' western wing slightly, retained their advanced position near Roye until they became untenable. They then fell back to new lines which had been previously prepared.

The western wing of the allied armies was still further extended and now reaches within 30 miles of the Belgian frontier, carrying the allies' overlapping movement in a north-easterly direction.

The German reinforcements on this end of the line are very strong. These troops probably were brought from bodies of German forces echeloned in the rear of their advanced entrenchments. Their courageous dashes to the allies' front did not meet with success, and the French and British were able to make them fall back on their deep trenches.

The sight of the allied infantry creeping across the open spaces in front of the trenches in a brilliant sunshine which glittered on their weapons was impressive. Hundreds of shells burst overhead or in their rear without doing great damage.

Russians Take Over Emperor's Prize Stock.

A despatch from London says: A despatch received here from Petrograd says that among the remarkable war trophies arriving at Smolensk is the entire stock of Emperor William's famous pedigree cattle and stud horses captured by the Russians from the Emperor's estate at Rominten, in East Prussia. They were taken to Moscow and presented to the Russian Agricultural Institute for distribution to agricultural breeding associations.

Turkey Will Join Germany

A despatch from Rome says: The following despatch has been received here from Constantinople: "All doubts of Turkey's hostile intentions against Russia have ended, following the closing of the Dardanelles and the departure of the

cruisers Goeben and Breslau for the Black Sea. Turkey closed also the Bosphorus with mines, torpedoes and chains. Turkey also began placing new heavy artillery in the Black Sea forts of Kilia, Riva and Karaburun."

BRITAIN LAYING FIELD OF MINES

Admiralty Announces That It Is Necessary to Offset German Policy.

A despatch from London says: The Admiralty issued through the Official News Bureau two statements, informing the public that it has been decided to adopt a mine-laying policy to offset German activity in this respect, particularly in the southern area of the North Sea, where mariners are warned against crossing the region lying approximately between Dover and Calais, and describing the useful operations of seaplanes and airships in the naval air service during the transportation of the expeditionary force to France. The statements follow:—

"The German policy of mine laying, combined with their submarine activity, makes it necessary on military grounds for the Admiralty to adopt counter measures.

"His Majesty's Government has therefore authorized a mine-laying policy in certain areas.

"A system of mine fields has been established and is being developed upon a considerable scale."

PARCEL POST IS GROWING.

Shows Greatest Increase in the War upon Business Generally, the new parcel post system is finding wider use month by month, and the results to date have been eminently satisfactory. Details of the increased use of the system are not yet available in tabulated form, but it is learned at the department that the revenues are growing steadily, the patronage of the system showing the greatest increase in urban districts. The post-office money order and postal note business between Canada and Great Britain is gradually coming back to the normal condition existing prior to the outbreak of war, the rates being governed by such changes as take place in sterling exchange.

INVASION OF HUNGARY.

The Russian Approach Alarms the People.

A despatch from Venice, via Paris, says: The news of the beginning of the Russian invasion of Hungary is exciting the greatest apprehension throughout the monarchy despite all official assurance that the action is without importance and should give no occasion for anxiety. The work on the fortifications around Vienna is being hastened and an official warning has been issued to the public against entering certain areas on penalty of arrest and danger of being shot by the sentries. The Asiatic cholera is spreading rapidly, cases being reported daily in Vienna and in various districts of Hungary. Scores of cases already have been found in Galicia, whence the disease has spread to other parts.

EMPEROR BILL'S ORDER.

Kaiser Told His Men to "Walk Over French."

A despatch from London says: The Times on Thursday says that it is able to give from a thoroughly trustworthy source the text of an order issued by Emperor William to his army on August 19. It follows: "It is my royal and imperial command that you concentrate your energies for the immediate present upon one single purpose, and that is that you address all your skill and all the valor of my soldiers to exterminate first the treacherous English, and walk over General French's contemptible little army."

Let no soul despair. As a great philosopher, Carlyle, has said, "From the lowest depth there is a path to the loftiest height."

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: Under 25c. each insertion; over three lines, 75c. per line. Advertisements in larger than the ordinary type, 100c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers—100c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:

GOING WEST	GOING EAST
Mail & Ex. 8:02 a.m.	Passenger, 10:12 a.m.
Passenger, 8:45 p.m.	Mail & Ex. 3:31 p.m.

Local and Personal

Mrs. Chas. Mitchell spent a few days this week with friends in Marmora.

Mrs. Chas. A. Martin is spending the week with her parents at Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Scott, of Picton, were guests at Mr. W. S. Martin's this week.

Miss Jean Strong, of Brighton, spent the week-end with her cousin, Miss Helen Morrison.

Mr. W. S. Martin, manager of the Union Bank, and Mrs. Martin were visitors at the Tweed fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson, who were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Montgomery, returned to their home at Smith's Falls on Saturday.

Misses T. H. McKee, Geo. Reynolds, G. G. Thrasher and Harold Martin motored over to Madoc on Wednesday to attend the fair. They report big crowds in attendance.

Misses Cora and Florence Morton, of St. Ola, who are teaching school at Stirling, spent the week-end with their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Embury, No 10 West Moira St.—Ontario.

Come to the Thanksgiving Tea at Bethel on Monday evening next. An excellent tea and good programme.

We are informed that the contract has been given for the furnishings for the new library to the Office Specialty Co. of Toronto.

The reorganization of the Minto Farmer's Club will be held at the club rooms on Tuesday, Oct. 13th. All members are requested to be present.

Sacrament of the Lord's Supper next Sabbath morning at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Stirling. Preparatory Service on Friday evening next at 7:30.

The Minto Women's Institute expect the Spring Brook Institute to visit them on Oct. 14th. All ladies interested in Institute work are invited to attend this meeting.

On Sunday next, Oct. 11th, the Rev. J. A. Connell will preach both morning and evening in the Methodist Church here. Rev. A. J. Terrill will preach Anniversary sermons at Bethel Church.

Mr. John Green's summer hotel at Crowe Lake was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday night, Sept. 27th. With the assistance of some neighbors a large part of the furniture was saved. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

At the Methodist General Conference, which has been in session at Ottawa during the past two weeks, an effort was made to have the pastoral term extended to six years but was defeated, and the term remains as at present, four years.

Monday next, Oct. 12th, has been proclaimed a day of general Thanksgiving to Almighty God for the bountiful harvest and other blessings with which Canada has been favored this year. No doubt it will be generally observed, and all places of business will be closed.

The NEWS-ARGUS asks the aid of its readers in furnishing any news that may be of interest to the public. It is impossible for the editor to see and hear everything that is going on in the town and vicinity. We are always glad to get personal and other items of local interest.

The Presbyterians of Stirling are looking forward with great expectancy to their Anniversary Service on Sunday and Monday, Nov. 1st and 2nd. The Sabbath Services will be conducted by Rev. Principal Gaudier, of Knox College, Toronto. Supper will be served in School Room on Monday evening following.

Stirling Cheese Board

At the Stirling Cheese Board on Tuesday there were 450 boxes offered. All were sold to Mr. Morton for 15c. This is an advance on last week's quotations.

Has Reached Esquimaux

Mr. Charles Stewart, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Stewart of this village, who went with a number of others from Peterboro on to the Pacific coast, has reached his final destination at Esquimaux, where they are engaged in operating a searchlight. They have seen some German vessels out on the ocean preparing for something that may give trouble.

Couldn't Spell it Correctly

The following sentence was recently given to ten university matriculants and not one was able to spell it correctly: "It is agreeable to witness the embarrassment of a harassed pedlar gauging the symmetry of a peeled potatoe as the church bells pealed forth."

The Right Kind

The Tweed News says—The writer was at Bancroft on Monday evening of last week and while he was there a charivari was in progress. They were having a fine old time. We afterwards learned that the happy groom handed the boys out \$5. Then the boys did a thing, that so far as we know is unique, they put a little more with it and bought a set of dining chairs and presented them to the bride and groom. This we would call a pretty decent trick and is worth copying, if charivaries are really necessary.

Concert in Opera House

Mr. C. R. Tuttle, Entertainer, will appear in the Opera House, Stirling, on Saturday evening, Oct. 10th. Mr. Tuttle gained his musical education at Toronto Conservatory of Music, and with a voice silvery baritone sings to his audiences with his whole heart, and as if common mercenary troubles were the last thing in the world to be dreamed of. Those listening to him will enjoy an evening of music devoid of all vulgarity, yet comically and artistically rendered. The program will be interspersed with readings taken from the "Songs of Sourdoughs."

Suggestions for Red Cross Work

Little booklets from the Canadian Red Cross Society with suggestions for work and knitting have been sent to members of the local Red Cross Aid committee. Anyone desiring to knit may find it of value. Yarn for the Red Cross work is given out from Mrs. Rupert's residence, where also every lady interested in making comforts for the soldiers is requested to meet every Wednesday afternoon.

Through the kindness of Mr. Sutcliffe notices of Red Cross meetings are placed on the bulletin board. It is hoped that every woman will aim to be present.

In Reply to "L. W."

The inquiry of "L. W." in last week's NEWS-ARGUS as to the full text of a certain poem was answered by a pupil of our High School, who showed us the poem in the Third Reader of the Ontario educational series, where it may be found on page 60. It is entitled "After Blenheim," and is by Robert Southey. Another reader of the NEWS-ARGUS, Miss Jennie Harry, of Trenton, has sent us the full text of the poem under the title of "The Battle of Blenheim." We well remember having had the poem in our lessons in our school days long years ago. Our thanks are due Miss Harry for sending us the poem. Our correspondent can easily see a copy in the reader above named.

New Rifles

Sgt. Fred McKee has received from Col. Ketcheson of the 49th, four new Ross rifles, which will be used for practice on the rifle range. To one who remembers "lugging" the old Lee-Medford through the toil of a few sham battle days, it was a real pleasure to handle the light well-balanced Ross and note its smooth working mechanism. It carries ten death-dealing cordite cartridges in its magazine and is sighted up to two thousand yards. This is the rifle that the Germans will have to face when the Canadian boys come in contact with them.

There is to be a rifle practice held on the range on Thanksgiving Day and all interested are invited to be present and examine these modern rifles.

Canadian privates who have enlisted for the present war receive \$1.10 per day.

Mr. John W. McGowan of Tweed, has been appointed Fish and Game overseer for the townships of Hungerford and Huntingdon.

There is many a young man proud of his mother, who would strike into the dust any man who would insult her, yet who, by his own evil doings and bad habit is sharpening a dagger to plunge through that mother's heart.

The Dominion Government has appropriated \$50,000 of the \$50,000,000 voted by Parliament, for relief of the stricken residents of Belgium. The Ontario Government will contribute \$15,000, and Quebec the same amount. The other provinces of the Dominion will also contribute smaller amounts.

No town can expect to thrive and prosper without the concentrated effort of its citizens and the judicious expenditure of money. The towns today that are prosperous are the ones that have donated liberally to enterprises which employ labor. Thus it is and always will be that the liberal and broad gauged town will thrive while the tight listed ones are struggling for the necessities of life.

High School Literary Society.

The annual election of the Literary Society took place at the High School on Wednesday, the nominations having been held one week previously. The interest was keen since each of the ten officers was contested. The polling-booths were the centre of attraction during voting hours and showed an interest which foreshadows active participation in the country's elections in future years.

The results of elections are as follows: Hon. Pres.—Mr. G. E. Kennedy, B.A. Hon. Sec'y.—Miss F. Bissonnette, B. A.

Hon. Treas.—Miss L. MacIntyre. President—Wm. A. Rose. Vice-Pres.—Carrie Crookshanks. Secretary—Stella Lamb. Treasurer—Lorne Hubbell. Councillors—Form I.—Beatrice Coulter, Grant Simmons. Form II.—Sara Hawkins, Edward Rose.

Form III.—Maza Seeley, Neil Bissonnette.

After short speeches, full of promise for the year's work, the meeting adjourned.

Fort Henry, Kingston, has a population of about two hundred prisoners of war who have been rounded up by the militia department, and if it keeps rounding up suspects as it has been doing for the past few weeks, it will only be a short time until some other place will have to be secured as a prison, as the quarters at Fort Henry are almost taxed to their limit.

Don't be a kicker. Lend a helping hand to every enterprise having for its object the progress of your community or the betterment of your people. Say a word for every man who manifests public spirit. Don't growl where you ought to lend encouragement. If you can't help, don't hinder. Some men who have very little money to put up do a great deal of good to their community by words of kindness and good cheer concerning public-spirited men and movements. Some men who have money are a handicap upon progress and prosperity through the exercise of a disposition to cast reproach upon their neighbors generally, and heaping criticism upon the endeavors of public-spirited men. If you don't feel like pushing things, give the town a chance by keeping off the backs of men who work for general progress and prosperity. Again we say, if you can't help, don't hinder.

WORLD WIDE On the War

This splendid weekly publication, performing an unusually important service to Canada during this greatest of all international wars of the world's history, "World Wide" selects and presents to its readers every Saturday the ablest articles by the ablest writers in Britain and America on the war situation and its consequences. It thus reflects the current thought of both hemispheres in these critical times.

"World Wide" is therefore indispensable to every thinking man and woman. It is indispensable to you just now. Eminent men all over the country acknowledge its great worth.

"Almost every article in almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures."

Subscription rate \$1.50 per annum, or on trial for three months for only 25 cents. Send to JOHN DUGALL & SON, Publishers "Witness" Block, Montreal.

AUCTION SALE

SATURDAY, OCT. 10.—At the home of Mrs. Stephen Badgley, Emily street, Stirling, (north of Methodist Church) all of her household effects, and cutter, buggy and other articles. Sale at 1 p.m. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

CLUBBING RATES

NEWS-ARGUS and Toronto News	\$2.75
" " Toronto Star	2.75
" " Mail and Empire	3.75
" " Globe	3.75
" " Family Herald & Weekly Star	1.75
" " Toronto Daily World to Jan. 1910	3.25

NOTICE

All members of Stirling Lodge, No. 230, I.O.O.F., are requested to attend the regular meeting on October 14th. Special business, etc. R. W. MEIKLEJOHN, EDWIN NAYLOR, Rec. Sec.

FOR SALE

Some White Wyandotte Cockerels. Apply to GEO. LIVINGSTONE, Stirling.

FOR SALE

First class Grocery business in Eastern Ontario town. Good business stand, modern fixtures, established business, best location. Great chance for quick buyer. For details address Box 52, care of NEWS-ARGUS, Stirling.

FOR SALE

One Portable Steam Engine. In good running order. Would exchange for a horse. R. N. BIRD.

STRAYED

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about the 6th of September, a Durham Bull calf, red roan. Any person giving information leading to his recovery will be suitably rewarded.

D. W. FARGEY, Lot 3, Con. 4, West Huntingdon

BIRTHS

Reid.—In Huntingdon on Saturday, Oct. 3, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Melville Reid, a son.

DEATHS

Benson.—In Huntingdon, on October 5th, Clamilla Benson, aged 75 years.

Merrick.—In Rawdon, on October 7th, Margaret Ann Merrick, aged 60 years, 4 months and 7 days.

Funeral from the residence of her son, George Merrick, on Friday, at 1:30 p.m. Service at the house.

ARE WOMEN JUDGED BY THE SHOES THEY WEAR? IF SO—DO YOU WEAR—



BENCH MADE



It is a woman's duty as well as pleasure to appear well dressed, and with ill-fitting shoes this is not possible. The above illustration will appeal to you as a perfect shoe. "Empress" Shoes are made in Canada.

We have the Agency

J. W. BROWN

Phone 67

Public Auction

To voluntarily wind up an Association under the Company's Act, Chapter 178, R. S. O.

In the matter of winding up the SINE CREAMERY ASSOCIATION, of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, under Company's Act, 178, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario.

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Liquidators appointed by resolution on the 23rd day of July, A.D. 1914, they have instructed G. U. Clancy to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, at the hour of two o'clock, on the 17th day of October, A.D. 1914, the following:

The Sine Creamery Building with its privileges, or land in connection therewith (arrangements made with the Liquidators, and also the following articles: One Boiler, 18 horse power. One Engine, 10 horse power. Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers. Piping, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 3 valves. New Water Tank, 30 bbls. Force Pump, Belting and Wrenches. Two Jacks, Two Separators, Reed's Improved. Three Cream Vats, 3000 lbs. capacity. One Churn, one small vat, wooden. One Butter Worker. One Babcock Tester, one set of Scales. A number of sample Bottles. One Weigh Can, 600 lbs. capacity, good. One small set of Scales, 240 lbs. capacity. One Vat, one Barrel, one Sink. One Stove and Pipes, one Lantern. Butter Paper and Butter Coloring. Thirteen cords of Wood.

Everything will be sold without reserve, by Public Auction or private sale.

Terms cash on day of sale.

For further particulars apply to the Liquidators,

M. W. SINE, C. M. SINE, C. W. THOMPSON, or to G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor for Liquidators.

Dated at Stirling, this 16th day of September, 1914.

New Telephone Directory

A new issue of our Official Telephone Directory is now being prepared and the copy will close within the next few days.

Orders for new connections, changes of name or addresses, should be reported to us at once.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

JUST—ARRIVED

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

BINDER TWINE

AND

TIMOTHY SEED

McGEE AND LAGROW

HARDWARE

LUERY'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

WE HAVE MADE every preparation for your Fall and Winter requirements in all lines of Dry Goods and will be able to serve you better than ever. The popular prices of our new Ladies' and Children's Mantles should be an inducement for you to inspect them. We have just placed in stock

1500 yds. White Flannelette (mill ends) Worth 12 1-2c. at 10c. yard

We have all our Winter Underwear and Hose in stock, in every size required for Men, Women and Children from 15c to \$2.00 a garment

GROCERY SPECIALS

NEW CAPE COD CRANBERRIES	2 lbs. for 25c
GOOD RIPE COOKING ONIONS	35c peck
SPANISH ONIONS	5c lb.
3-lbs. CAKES	for 25c
GOOD OLD CHEESE	20c lb.
OLIVES	10c, 15c, 25c bottle
JAPAN TEA	25c lb.
MOCHA AND JAVA COFFEE (ground while you wait)	40c lb.

Highest Price (Cash or Trade) Paid for Eggs

G. H. LUERY

Phone 29

Goods Delivered Promptly

COMING! COMING!



PROF. PEMBER

of the well-known Hair Goods Store, Toronto, will be in Stirling at the STIRLING HOTEL

on

Thurs. Oct. 22

with the finest display of Hair

Goods on the American Continent for Ladies. Our

Transformations, Pompadours, Bangs Waves, Switches, etc.

are perfection, made from the finest of European Hair.

FOR BALD MEN

The Pember Lightweight Ventilated Toupee or Wig is the most natural substitute for your own hair that has ever been produced.

If you have any scalp trouble call and see our Prof. Pember who will give you advice free of charge. REMEMBER THE DATE

Stirling Hotel, Thursday, October 22nd

House and Lots for Sale

A good brick house with barn and two lots of land, situate at corner of Front St. and Campbellford Road, Stirling. For terms and further particulars apply to MRS. WM. McCANN

A Position for Fall and Winter

We have a second business proposition for this district reliable energetic salesman for fruit district to sell fruit trees, small fruits, flowering shrubs, etc. Pay weekly, outfit free, exclusive territory.

Over 600 Acres

of fruit and ornamental stock under cultivation. We sell through our salesmen direct to the consumer and guarantee delivery of fresh, high grade fruit. Our agencies are valuable by reason of the service we give and the volume of business done. Established 35 years.

Write PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont.

P. H.—Handsome Catalogue on request either to applicant or those wishing Nursery stock.

Subscribe for the News-Argus.

WANTED

JEREMIAH WILSON

Grinding is being done at the Spring Brook Cider Mill every day. We have all kinds of sweet cider and vinegar cider for sale.

JEREMIAH WILSON

HOME

With the Cucumber.

Cucumbers will keep much longer in a cool place than is generally realized. At any rate they will keep for three months in a refrigerator, even if the temperature is not kept as uniform as it might be, and in good cold storage they will undoubtedly keep for many months. They are sometimes freshened by putting them in a pitcher of water with stem end down, covered with a cheese cloth if they are to stand for any time. As standing water soon grows stagnant, this is not a method to recommend for keeping them, even for twenty-four hours. They can always be freshened and cooled under running water.

Cooked cucumber is too little known among us, particularly at this season, when cucumbers are abundant and often inexpensive. There seems to be a prejudice against it that is not altogether reasonable, especially among those who consider vegetable marrow, which it much resembles when cooked, a delicacy. Probably, too, it is more digestible than in any other way it is ever used, which is not saying much.

Cooked cucumber keeps its characteristic flavor, and may be made deliciously savory. It may be prepared in any of the ways vegetable marrow is, and in some ways of its own. In France the cucumber is far more often cooked than not, and variously flavored and served.

Cooked Cucumbers.—Peel the cucumbers carefully, removing but a thin shaving, cut in quarters, and then cut these pieces in half or dice them, removing the seeds. Cook for fifteen to twenty minutes in boiling salted water, to which has been added an onion or some celery, or both, or some other vegetable flavor. If they are to be canned they should not be cooked more than fifteen minutes. Serve with butter or cook them for a little in meat stock. The French commonly cook them in meat stock, which is thus reduced until quite brown and the cucumbers deliciously flavored, other vegetables being added for this purpose. Those who do not like the cucumber prepared in these ways may find it agreeable if a little vinegar is added. The cooked cucumbers may be put through a strainer and a cream soup made by adding to the puree thus obtained hot milk and seasonings.

Cooked Cucumber Salad.—Cucumber cooked as in the above recipe and well seasoned makes an excellent salad when cold, if served with a French dressing. Canned cooked tomatoes put into thoroughly sterilized cans and later sterilized in a can if necessary can be heated up and used as a vegetable or taken from the can and used as salad. The sterilization is the thing, the salted water in which the cucumbers are boiled, a teaspoon of salt to a quart of water or two, if preferred, can be used.

Fried Cucumbers.—Cut in thin slices the cucumber may be fried as the Italians fry any of the long green gourds, with an onion cut thin and a sliced tomato to each cucumber. The cucumber cooks slowly in this way and the work must be done over a low fire.

Celery Salt.—Celery salt is eaten with cooked cucumbers, when it is liked, and an old recipe for making it at home is as follows: Scrape the outside off celery roots and dry them; grate the dried roots, mix their powder with one-fourth its quantity of salt, and it will be ready to use upon the table.

Onion and Cucumber Pickle.—Probably no one in the world does anything of health to vinegar, and some undoubtedly owe a good deal of debility to indulgence in pickles, yet people do want them, and frequently ask for impossible recipes for sliced cucumber preserved so as to retain its fresh flavor. Salt and vinegar are the essentials in preserving all such things, while the addition of some pieces of horseradish root make the keeping qualities the more certain, it is believed. Oil is sometimes added and both vinegar and oil are quite commonly put on cold when the cucumbers are sliced. Here is an ancient recipe: Pare and slice one-half peck of cucumbers with one-half peck of onions, sprinkle layers of the two with salt and let stand overnight. Wash off salt the next morning and pack in stone jars in layers, sprinkling over each layer of cucumber and onion a little white pepper, mustard seed, and powdered cinnamon. When the jar is full pour over it a mixture of half a gallon of vinegar, one pint of port wine, and one cup of olive oil. Stir from the bottom every morning for two weeks.

Sweet Cucumber.—Peel full grown cucumbers—yellow ones will do. Halve them down the middle, scoop out the seeds, cut them into any fanciful pieces, cover with good vinegar, and let them stand twenty-four hours; then pour off the vinegar and to three pints of this put half a pound of sugar (brown is

generally preferred), a quarter of an ounce of stick cinnamon, a dram of cloves, half a dram of grated nutmeg (call it a small portion if you choose), and an ounce of whole ginger. Boil the pickle ten minutes. Lay in the cucumbers, give them one boil up, and take them out before they soften in the least. Lay them in jars and pour the pickle hot over them. In a week or two boil the vinegar over again and pour it, when cold, over the cucumbers.—German recipe.

Household Hints.

Shoes will last much longer if rubbed with vaseline when they are new.

Eggs when scrambled should be stirred constantly.

There is no finer polish for tinware than wood ashes.

A sweet red pepper should always hang in the canary's cage.

Always burn saltfish skin side up when soaking it to freshen.

A flannel dipped in turpentine will clean a porcelain tub excellently.

A pan of water set in the open will keep pies and cakes from burning while baking.

If you spill milk on your clothes wash out the spot at once with white soap and warm water.

Add a few crumbs of bread to scrambled eggs. This will improve the dish and make the eggs go further.

To give silk that is being washed the sheen of new silk, add just a little methylated spirits to the rinsing water.

The short end of candles melted and mixed with equal parts of turpentine make a fine polish for hardwood floors.

A cupful of vinegar added to the water in which colored clothes are washed will often prevent the color from running.

Cheese is a nice addition to cream soups of any kind. When the soup is ready—for the table, sprinkle grated cheese over the top.

When packing away rugs or carpet for any length of time always fold in powdered alum and a few moth balls when rolling up.

A few drops of pure glycerine put on the edges of your jars before screwing on the lid will prevent mold from forming on the fruit.

To remove chocolate stains from white dresses or table linen, sprinkle the stain thickly with borax, place a saucer beneath it and pour on just enough water to moisten. Leave for several hours and then wash.

To economize on stove polish and also to save labor in polishing the stove, mix the polishing paste with dry soap powder. Any sort of soap powder answers the purpose, and the shine obtained is far better than when the polish alone is used.

GERMAN LOSS OF TRADE.

Big Engineering Contracts Which Go to British Firms.

The trade war on Germany is proving a great success. The contract from the meaneast penny top to a first-class locomotive originally placed with German companies are being rapidly transferred to British companies. In few trades has there been keener competition from the Germans than in the railway locomotive and rolling stock industry. Before the declaration of war, important orders for British and overseas railways were in the hands of leading German companies. One of the most important contracts, comprising a large number of passenger carriages for new electrified services around Buenos Ayres of the Central Argentine Railway Company originally placed in Hannover has now been awarded to the Metropolitan Amalgamated Railway Carriage Company of Birmingham. South Africa and New Zealand had large orders for locomotives in the Mafic Company of Munich. The Hanover Company were also building 34 passenger carriages for the Union of South Africa Railways. Kersell of Essel had orders for 18 heavy main line engines for South India and some of Argentine railways. The Hanover machine factory of London, was building locomotives for the Bengal railway and Taff Vale Railway, and the Hohenzollern works, Dusseldorf, were building six powerful shunting locomotives for the Port of London authorities. All these contracts have now been cancelled and will shortly be divided amongst British and American engineers.

Thoughts for Women.

"Love never knocks at the door of a woman's heart; he goes in, drives philosophy out, shows wisdom the door, and rules supreme." "To go without—and look as if you liked it—is one of the first things to be learned in this world." "A man never falls in love with the woman who studies him." "There are two kinds of women in the world—the one who loves to manage, and the one who loves to be managed—and all one has to do is to find out which is which." "A woman may not be able to recall just when her husband proposed; but she can always remember what dress she had on at the time."



Two Irish Sisters Recruiting for Lord Kitchener's New Army.

Two sisters, Miss Winnifred and Miss Ivy Mulroney, who are working hard on behalf of Lord Kitchener's appeal for recruits, ride in Hyde Park, and personally request all young men to join the British army. Very few of the men can resist them.

ENGLAND DID NOT SUSPECT

KAISER'S EXPERT VISITED HER GUN FACTORIES.

Head of Krupp Firm Reported His Findings to the Kaiser.

Before our senses are numbed by the clash and din of Titanic killings on land and sea—before we lose the faculty of remembering the past in the staggering attempt to grasp the present—I would like to take Englishmen back to an event which happened in their unsuspecting midst exactly two months ago, writes Frederic William Wile in the London Daily Mail. A most sinister event, in the light of what has happened since, and one designed as hardly another could be to persuade the most sceptical among us that the War Kaiser's plans for the sacking of Europe were deep-laid, deliberate, and stealthy. It reduces to criminal absurdity the German contention that Armageddon was kindled at Sarajevo.

I refer to the strange visit paid by Herr Krupp von Bohlen and Halbach, the head of Krupp's, between June 14 and 23, to Birkenhead, Barrow-in-Furness, Glasgow, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and Sheffield. His charming wife, the Cannon Queen and proprietress of Krupp's, accompanied him. That bolstered up the fiction that the visit was "private and unofficial." But in order that the inspection of the Firth, Laird, Vickers, Brown, Armstrong-Whitworth, Cammell, Laird and other establishments should not be strictly informal Herr Krupp von Bohlen brought with him his chief technical expert, Dr. Ehrenberger, of Essen. There was a fourth member of this party—Herr von Bulow, a kinsman of the former Chancellor, who until recently—perhaps yet, for all I know—represented the Krupps in London.

Herr Krupp von Bohlen's previous visits to England have been undoubtedly private in character. Both he and his wife were fond of London and liked to come to us informally, to live quietly like well-born people of means, at a fashionable Piccadilly hotel. In recent times they came primarily to sit for the late Sir Hubert Herkomer. Never until the visit of June did they ever come accompanied by their experts. They came this time, in other words, strictly for business. And it is not a comforting reflection to think that they accomplished their business thoroughly.

Instigated Visit.

There can be no manner of doubt that Herr Krupp von Bohlen's last sojourn in these isles was at the direct instigation of somebody higher up. There is but one person in Germany who could send him on such a mission. And that someone is the Kaiser.

Herr Krupp von Bohlen is not in the habit of "traveling" on behalf of his gigantic firm. The tour of England, as a matter of fact, was the first of the kind he ever made. He undertook it because the necessity of spying out the armament secrets of Great Britain had suddenly become a matter of vital significance to Germany; and he came at the behest of the Krupp's great family friend, the Emperor, who, as we now know, preached peace while plotting war.

The genesis of the Krupp investigation of the state of preparedness of our facilities for manufacturing land and sea armaments is no less remarkable than the investigation itself. Early in May certain of the firms above mentioned received a delightfully courteous letter from the Master of Essen announcing his

intention to visit England during the season. Frankness incarnate, the letter suggested that an inspection of establishments making articles of war similar to those manufactured by Krupp's would naturally be of the greatest interest.

The recipients of Herr Krupp von Bohlen's letters forthwith communicated with our naval and military authorities. It was agreed that, subject to the elementary precautions advisable in such circumstances, there could be no harm in extending to the Essen visitors the hospitality for which, I fear, we are sometimes all too famous. They came and they saw. Whether they conquered remains to be seen. Doors, at any rate, were flung wide open to them. There was even some speechmaking. The fact that the utmost possible care was exercised that the lynx-eyed Dr. Ehrenberger and Herr von Bulow did not see too much does not alter the underlying gravity of the visit itself.

Report to the Kaiser.

Herr Krupp von Bohlen lost no time in reporting to the Kaiser the wonders he had been privileged to inspect in England and Scotland. He procured, undoubtedly, he came directly from them to Kiel, where William II. was extending a hearty welcome to Vice-Admiral Sir George Warrender's battleship and light cruiser squadron. The Kaiser always demands prompt reports from special emissaries. Grand Admiral von Tirpitz was at Kiel, too, to hear what the Master of Essen had gleaned in guileless Albion. And while the issue of peace or war with England hung in the balance at Berlin, Herr Krupp von Bohlen hurried up from Essen to take part in the momentous councils of the Kaiser with his military and naval chiefs. Can we doubt that what he learned in this country in June was his principal contribution to the deliberations?

Guileless, too, I remember now that I sought an interview with Herr Krupp von Bohlen at Kiel. It was the day before Sarajevo. I knew of the true British hospitality which had been showered upon him. I thought perhaps he might be inclined to indulge in some glittering generalities for publication. I know now why he despatched a polite young secretary to my hotel with the message that the "nature of Herr Krupp von Bohlen's visit to England made it quite inappropriate for him to discuss it in public."

BAGPIPES GO TO THE FRONT.

The British War Office Has Permitted Them.

The Scotch regiments won't give up their kilts. They have reluctantly permitted the War Department to take away from them their plaids and their brightly colored bannock and to substitute khaki for Highland flares, but they've got to be khaki kilts, not khaki trousers.

In these days of high-powered guns and scientific warfare when all the old-fashioned fashions in fighting have been thrown away and not even a band or a fife and drum corps can get onto a battlefield, the Scotch regiments still hang to their bagpipes, or at least their bagpipers hang to them. No English regiments will fight to music in the war, but the English War Office didn't count the bagpipe as a musical instrument, much to the delight of the Scotch fighting men.

Anyway, the pessimist is thankful that he wasn't born an optimist. The successful farmer has to be sharp as a raiser.

During the courtship a girl is often unable to explain her thoughts, but she makes up for lost time after marriage.

MOST DREADED ANARCHIST

MALATESTA LIVES OBSCURELY IN LONDON.

He Is a "Red Terror" in Almost Every Country on the Earth.

Almost obscure in the hurly-burly of life are five and a half feet of gentle, polite, reticent man, smiling but unspeaking; thoughtful but approachable; at whose name the enthroned ones shudder and at whose appearance the police forces of the nations gather themselves for supreme efforts.

The doors of the countries are closed to him; the law hunts or shuns him; kings listen to his utterances and feel their structures tremble and stagger. And the quiet man slinks here and there, planning, plotting, exhorting. Wherever he goes he leaves his footprint of blood and violence and ruin.

He has done no specific crime, this little man; yet he has spent years in prison and in exile. He has been accused countless times. Wherever he has been assassination and rebellions have sprouted, but never has he personally been incriminated. He works in the dark and escapes in the dark back to his little mechanical shop in Soho, London, while one government after another reels from his unseen blows.

In Trouble Again.

His name is Malatesta, and he has just again eluded the Italian police after stirring up the bloody Ancona strikes which forced the calling off of Italy's naval and military forces. The monarchs on their thrones are doomed to more quaking.

When the Italian navy arrived in too great strength for the Ancona strikers, it is said that Malatesta, disguised as a workman, left his rooms in great haste and escaped into Switzerland. In searching his house the police say they found letters and money orders from American anarchists, and notes advising Malatesta to assassinate the Italian king. More than likely the last is a bit of police information given out for the effect. The quiet little Soho mechanic does not kill.

"Kill kings!" he said on one occasion. "Too foolish. I should rather kill chickens. They are good to eat, but what could one do with a king?"

Of an Old Family.

The Malatestas were counts of the Holy Roman Empire. Their line dates from the thirteenth century, when Malatesta de Verucchio set himself as Lord of Rimini and handed down a fief which his descendants held for more than three centuries. The Malatestas are of the first families of Italy, and the old castle of Rimini, in whose shade the lovely Francesca listened to the tender pleadings of her Paolo, may still be seen, though time has stripped it of its gardens and glories and converted it into a macaroni factory.

This is the line of the little man who makes kings tremble. Count Enrico Malatesta he has the right to call himself, but that he has never done. His father and uncles were high commanders in the forces of Crown Prince Humbert when Victor Emmanuel drove the Austrians out of Italy. He himself has been openly accused of having instigated the assassination of that same Humbert.

Malatesta is now sixty-one years old. About forty years ago, when he was a medical student in Naples, he threw off the rank and station to which he was born, and



FOR MAKING SOAP
SOFTENING
WATER
DISINFECTING
CLOSETS, DRAINS
SINKS, &c

assisted in the fomenting of a Roumanian uprising against Turkey. The Porte hunted him out, and he returned to Italy.

Saved From Death.

In 1899, having been successively expelled from Italy, Turkey, Spain, France, Russia, Germany, Switzerland and Belgium, and proscribed in every European country save England, he came to the United States at the call of Paterson and Reading radicals to become editor of La Question Sociale in Paterson. First, however, he had to be rescued from a small island off the Tunisian coast, whither Italy had exiled him.

Malatesta lectured for a time in America, was shot in the thigh at one of the Anarchist meetings and saved from death by Gaetano Bresci, who ingratiated himself with the Red leader by the rescue and soon became an intimate.

In 1900 Malatesta went to London and established himself in Soho and Islington. A little later Bresci sailed for Italy with two companions. And then came the news of the assassination of King Humbert. The police have not yet been convinced that the plot to kill the King was not hatched in Paterson by Malatesta.

But a little later Malatesta appeared in Paris. Almost immediately there were two attempts on the life of the Persian Shah, then visiting the French capital. A shot at the French President followed. In Switzerland and Belgium riots attended the visits of Malatesta. In Germany, it was said, his influence brought about an attempt on the Kaiser.

That is the record of this quiet, urbane little Italian. Yet Malatesta is neither a bomb thrower nor a maker of bombs, though his appearance would suggest that character to the popular mind. He is rather heavily built, swarthy, bearded and intense, with glittering black eyes and nervous, peaceless fingers.

England His Haven.

In an interval between his early European activities and his visit to America he made a trip to South America, where once more violence and bloodshed followed in his path, with the result that he is banned from all the Latin republics. The immigration laws now debar him from entrance into America. England alone furnishes him asylum in exile.

Yet never have the authorities been able to fasten direct responsibility on the man. He has been in jail and prison in half of the countries of Europe, has been twice banished to small Mediterranean islands by Italy, and has escaped both times. In every case his offence has been inciting rebellion, making seditious utterances, resisting the police, or something of the kind. His real crimes, if such there are, have never been proved. Once Malatesta was sent to prison for commending the assassination of President McKinley; again for accusing a countryman of being a spy; again for advising Italian strikers to fire at the troops.

Can You Beat It?

Father-in-law—Look here, young man, don't you think it's about time you were going to work, or do you expect me to support you the rest of your life?

Son-in-law—It would be no more than fair, just after what I have done for you.

"I'd like to know what you've ever done for me."

"Why, didn't I take your daughter off your hands?"

DISEASE IS DUE TO BAD BLOOD

To Cure Common Ailments the Blood Must Be Made Rich and Red.

Nearly all the diseases that afflict humanity are caused by bad blood—weak, watery blood poisoned by impurities. Bad blood is the cause of headaches and backaches, lumbago and rheumatism; debility and indigestion, neuralgia and other nerve troubles, and disfiguring skin diseases like eczema and salt rheum show how impure the blood actually is. No use trying a different remedy for each disease, because they all spring from the one cause—bad blood. To cure any of these troubles you must get right down to the root of the trouble in the blood, and that is just what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. They make new, rich blood and thus cure these diseases when common medicine fails. Mrs. John Jackson, Woodstock, Ont., suffered from both nervous troubles and a run-down condition and experienced a complete cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "I was a sufferer for a number of years from neuralgia and a general debility of the nerves and system. I had tried several doctors and many medicines, but to no avail, until I began Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. At the time I began the Pills I had grown so fat that I could hardly be on my feet and was forced to wear elastic bandages about the ankles. The pain I suffered at times from the neuralgia was terrible. I had almost given up hope when I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the course of a few weeks I felt an improvement, and I gladly continued the use of the Pills until I was once more quite well and able to attend to all my household duties."

If you are ailing, begin to cure yourself to-day with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GLITTER WITH GOLD LEAF.

Do Wonderful Guild Houses of Ancient Brussels.

Nothing in Brussels, and few things in Europe, are richer architecturally than the great Market Square, with its huge Town Hall of florid Gothic, carved to the very eaves with arabesques and saints, shooting heavenward with a spire that shows for miles in all directions. Opposite the Town Hall is the noble Old Royal Palace, now a rich museum of antiquities, and all about the square are the guild houses, which are also for the most part gilded houses, for they glitter with many square yards of gold leaf. One is surmounted by an equestrian statue of heroic size, which is always seemingly fresh from the glider's hand, for every inch of horse and rider glitters with burnished gold.

PLEASED TO RECOMMEND BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. Henri Bernier, Anceline, Que., writes: "It is with pleasure that I recommend Baby's Own Tablets, which I have given my little ones for stomach and bowel troubles, constipation, loss of sleep and simple fevers. No mother of young children should be without them." The Tablets are guaranteed to be free from injurious drugs and may be given to the youngest child with perfect safety and good results. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The garrulous fool usually ruts his throat with his own tongue.

ASSISTANT PHOTOGRAPHER.

How a Cat Was Trained to Help Her Master.

Toodles is a tiger cat who wears a clean white vest and four white fur slippers. She has regular employment as an assistant photographer. That does not mean that Toodles poses for pretty cat pictures, although her picture proves that she is qualified to do so. But instead of posing, Toodles really helps to pose others.

Some years ago a stray kitten came to a photograph studio in Battle Creek, Michigan. She was both frightened and hungry. The kind-hearted photographer took her into his studio. Then he sent out and got something for her to eat. He decided to name her Toodles.

After Toodles had been fed, she explored the place and decided that she approved of it, so she curled up and went to sleep. Not long after that, the photographer noticed that the little children who were brought to his studio to have their pictures taken were very much interested in Toodles. That gave him an idea. He would get Toodles to help him make photographs of children. He began by putting a piece of meat on top of his camera. Toodles soon learned to jump up and get it. At the end of a year's instruction, Toodles would jump out from behind a curtain at the photographer's whistle, leap to the top of the camera, and humping up her back and fluffing up her tail, as if she were angry or frightened, would "spit" viciously at her master. Whenever the photographer wants to take a picture of a child, he seats the youngster in front of the camera, and whistles. In a moment Toodles is on top of the camera, going through her performance, while the photographer makes believe that he is very much frightened.

Of course the child rivets its eyes on the camera, where so much that is interesting is going on. When the proper degree of amazement or amusement is expressed on the child's face, the photographer presses the bulb, and the picture is made!

When Toodles hears the camera shutter click, she knows that her work is done, and she leaps down and disappears behind the curtain to repose on her own private cushion.

TRIBUTE TO T. ATKINS.

Britain Not Decadent When It Can Turn Out Men Like Him.

Robert Blatchford writes in the Weekly Dispatch:—"As for Tommy Atkins, he is unique. To say that we love him and are proud of him is not enough; we have to say that, besides being the finest soldier we ever knew, he is the most original and peculiar kind of soldier the world has yet produced. I do not believe that any nation but the British could produce a Tommy Atkins, and I do not believe that the British have ever produced him so successfully before. Tommy Atkins marching or entraining for the front; Tommy Atkins in the French villages; Tommy Atkins under fire; Tommy Atkins fighting day after day on the retreat; Tommy Atkins wounded; Tommy Atkins anywhere and all the time is the most astounding and magnificently British personality ever seen upon a field of battle."

"Some tell us England is decadent, that the British are played out. But the nation which can turn out men like Tommy Atkins by the hundred thousand has not come yet to the top of its form; it is only now moving towards its highest achievement."

We are told that blood will tell but sometimes it is tried in vein.

Rheumatism Goes Quickly Its Virus Forever Destroyed

EVERY CASE IS CURABLE.

Good-bye to Rheumatism! Your aching joints, your stiff, sore muscles, those sleepless nights, suffering days—good-bye forever—your day is gone.

Sufferer, cheer up, and read the good news below.

"A man met me a month ago, and said, 'don't stay crippled, quit complaining, limber up.' My answer was, 'I'm rheumatic, I can't do it.' He looked me over in a pitying sort of way and told me to go to the nearest drug store for Nerviline and Ferrozone. The combination had cured him. I was convinced of his sincerity and followed his instructions. I rubbed on Nerviline three times every day—rubbed it right into my aching joints. The pain quickly lessened, and I became more limber and active. To draw the virus of the disease from my blood I took two Ferrozone Tablets with every meal. I am well to-day, not an ache, not a pain and no sign of stiffness at all."

What Nerviline can do in a case like this it can do for you too. For nearly forty years Nerviline has been recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago and Sciatica and Lame Back. It is the one remedy that never disappoints.

HOW TO TELL A LIAR.

By His Breathing, Declares a Foreign Professor.

When you are telling a lie you breathe differently from when you are telling the truth. The difference was discovered by means of some tests made upon his students by Prof. Benussi of Graz.

He prepared cards bearing letters, figures, and diagrams and distributed these among his pupils. These were required to describe the cards correctly, except in certain cases when the cards were marked with a red star and the students receiving them were required to describe them falsely. Each student was watched carefully by his fellows, who, ignorant of the nature of the card, tried to judge from his manner whether he was telling the truth or not. The watchers were unable to judge with any certainty.

But before each man began his test the time occupied in inspiration and expiration was measured, and the measurement was taken again immediately after he finished. It was found that the utterance of a false statement always increased, and the utterance of a true statement always diminished, the quotient obtained by dividing the time of inspiration by the time of expiration.

Dr. Anton Rose, commenting in Die Umschau on these results, remarks that the discovery furnishes a certain criterion between truth and falsehood. For even a clever liar is likely to fail in an attempt to escape detection by breathing irregularly. Prof. Benussi having discovered that men are unable voluntarily to change their respiration so as to affect the result.

LIGHT BOOZE

Do You Drink It?

A minister's wife had quite a tussle with coffee and her experience is interesting. She says: "During the two years of my training as a nurse, while on night duty, I became addicted to coffee drinking. Between midnight and four in the morning, when the patients were asleep, there was little to do except make the rounds, and it was quite natural that I should want a hot cup of coffee about that time. I could keep awake better."

"After three or four years of coffee drinking I became a nervous wreck and thought that I simply could not live without my coffee. All this time I was subject to frequent bilious attacks, sometimes so severe as to keep me in bed for several days. (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because both contain the drug caffeine.)"

"After being married, Husband begged me to leave off coffee, for he feared that it had already hurt me almost beyond repair, so I resolved to make an effort to release myself from the hurtful habit."

"I began taking Postum, and for a few days felt the languid, tired feeling from the lack of the coffee drug, but I liked the taste of Postum, and that answered for the breakfast beverage all right."

"Finally I began to feel clear-headed and had steadier nerves. After a year's use of Postum I now feel like a new woman—have not had any bilious attacks since I left off coffee."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages. Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.

BLISTERS ON FEET COULD NOT SLEEP

Skin Much Inflamed, Itched and Smarted, Could Not Wear Shoes. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Healed.

Victoria St., Thetford Mines West, Que.

"One day I was repairing a valve on top of a boiler when a steam pipe close to my feet burst scalding both. Blisters came on my feet and I could not wear my shoes. The skin was very much inflamed and it gave me such pain that I could not sleep at night. I was treated for ten days with no improvement so I tried ointments but none did any good."

"One day I came across the Cuticura advertisement and decided to try a sample. The Cuticura Soap and Ointment gave me such relief and stopped the itching and smarting so quickly that I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and some more Cuticura Soap. Now the wounds are entirely healed and the scars have quite disappeared." (Signed) William Neck, Jan. 31, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

In selecting a toilet soap why not procure one possessing delicate emollient properties sufficient to allay minor irritations, remove roughness and roughness, prevent pore-clogging, soften and soothe sensitive conditions, and promote skin and scalp health generally? Such a soap combined with the purest of saponaceous ingredients and most fragrant and refreshing of flower odors, is Cuticura Soap. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A."

FIVE KINDS OF ICE.

One Kind Can Be Made From Boiling Water.

There are five distinct kinds of ice. This fact has just been discovered by Prof. P. W. Bridgman, of Harvard University. First there is the common ice which is water frozen at ordinary atmospheric pressure and at from 0 degrees C to -10 degrees C. This Prof. Bridgman calls ice I. It is from 10 to 13.5 per cent. less dense than water.

If this be placed under a pressure of about 1,000 kilograms the ice melts to water. If the pressure be increased to be about 4,400 kilograms and the temperature be maintained about the same the liquid water freezes again to another kind of ice, called ice V., which is about 6 per cent. denser than water.

Increasing the pressure to about 6,500 kilograms, we get ice IV., the volumic pressure and the density becoming from 5 to 9 per cent. greater than water.

If we freeze water at atmospheric pressure, but with a temperature of -30 degrees C, ordinary ice (ice I.) is changed to ice III., which is on the average 3 per cent. denser than water and 20 per cent. denser than ice I.

Further increasing the pressure, ice III. turns into ice II., which is about 22 per cent. denser than ice I. On further increasing in pressure ice II. changes to ice V. and then to ice IV.

Sometimes these changes take place so quickly that a click is heard. The lower the temperature the more slowly is the change effected.

This discovery has a practical application. When water freezes in a closed vessel immense pressure is developed. The bursting of boilers and water pipes is a familiar example of this. The water expands in freezing to ice II.; but if the pressure on the ice during freezing exceeds about 2,000 kilograms, corresponding to 30,000 pounds per square inch, ice III. is formed. As this is about 3 per cent. denser than water and has less volume, it shrinks rather than expands.

An interesting sidelight on this is the discovery that if the pressure be great enough the temperature may be raised far beyond the normal freezing point and still the water will freeze. "By the application of a pressure of about 20,000 kilograms," says Prof. Bridgman, "we may freeze water, although it is nearly boiling hot."

Witch Torture in Alaska.

Disciples of Cotton Mather flourish among the native tribes of Alaska even now, despite the fact that they are considered civilized. If a series of misfortunes befall any family or community some one among them, they reason, is the "koos-ta-ka," or witch; and, after deciding upon the culprit, punishment is meted out accordingly. The hair is fastened into a loop and a stick thrust through it. Every twist of the stick produces excruciating pain, as may be imagined. Other punishments consist of starving and beating the unfortunate's body with a thorny plant called "devil's club," after which follow repeated dippings in the ocean.

Mindard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Possible Reason.

"Why does that fellow look so glum and grouchy all the time?" "I fancy it is because he knows so many mean things about himself."

"DOUR SCOTCH ENGINEER."

Found on Steamers All Over the World.

The "dour Scotch engineer" of "McAndrew's Hymn," by Kipling, is almost as sure to be found in the engine room of a steamer that plies to Asiatic ports as the steam gauge or the connecting rod. He is almost as inevitable on the liners and tramp freighters of the Atlantic, or the lake and river steamboats of Europe. Col. Thomas Prendergast, a retired officer of the British army, tells an amusing anecdote to illustrate that fact.

He was crossing the little lake of Lugano, in the Italian Alps, on one of the small steamers that ply in those waters. When he paid his fare he asked for his change in silver, since the Italian copper coins would not pass current on the Swiss side. But the fare collector had no silver.

"I never had seen this steamer before," the colonel says, "but I knew that a Scotchman is never without silver coin, and a steamer never without a Scotch engineer. So I stepped to the hatchway that opened into the engine-room, and called:

"Mac, are ye there?"

"Ay, ay! What d'ye want?" came back in a strong Scottish accent.

"Hae ye any siller?"

"Ay! And I soon had a handful of silver coin."

Will Quickly Cure Any Sour Stomach

Relieves Fullness After Meals.

"When I was working around the farm last winter, I had an attack of inflammation," writes Mr. E. P. Dawkins, of Fort Richmond, "I was weak for a long time, but well enough to work until spring. But something went wrong with my bowels for I had to use salts or physic all the time. My stomach kept sour, and always after eating there was pain and fullness, and all the symptoms of intestinal indigestion. Nothing helped me until I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Instead of hurting, like other pills, they acted very mildly, and seemed to heal the bowels. I did not require large doses to get results with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and feel so glad that I have found a mild yet certain remedy. To-day I am well—no pain, no sour stomach, a good appetite, able to digest anything. This is a whole lot of good for one medicine to do, and I can say Dr. Hamilton's Pills are the best pills, and my letter, I am sure, proves it. Refuse a substitute for Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, sold in yellow boxes, 25c. All dealers, or The Cattaraugus Co., Kingston, Ont.

Making Progress.

"I am glad to see you home, Johnny," said the father to his small son, who had been away at school, but who was now home on his vacation. "How are you getting on at school?" "Fine!" said Johnny. "I have learnt to say 'Thank you' and 'if you please' in French." "Good!" said the father. "That's more than you ever learnt to say in English."

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 11, 1903.

Mindard's Liniment Co., Limited. Sirs,—I came across a bottle of your MINDARD'S LINIMENT in the hands of one of the students at the University of Maryland, and he being so kind as to let me use it for a very bad sprain, which I obtained in training for foot races, and to say that it helped me would be putting it very mildly, and I therefore ask if you would let me know of one of your agents that is closest to Baltimore so that I may obtain some of it. Thanking you in advance I remain, Yours truly, W. C. McCUEAN.

34 St. Paul street, Care Oliver Typewriter Co. P.S.—Kindly answer at once.

Difference Shown.

"What is the difference between a philosopher and an optimist?" "Well, a philosopher takes things as they come, while an optimist, if they come with the dark side uppermost, turns them over."

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids.

Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Easy Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Remedy, For Book of the Eye Freckle, Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Very Interesting.

"I don't believe my husband has ever deceived me in his life," said the pretty young matron. "How long have you been married?" asked the bachelor, who was beginning to get grey around the temples. "Three years next month." "You have perfect faith in your husband?" asked the bachelor. "I believe in him as you say you believe in me as you say you believe in your husband. I think I might be tempted to—" "Oh, but I haven't said I believe in my husband, or have faith in him!" "You just said he had never deceived you." "Yes, but I didn't say he had never tried."

Mindard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Food Supplies in War Time

Rumors are in circulation that we are unable to supply orders owing to the war demand. This statement is absolutely incorrect. We are filling our orders as usual. Insist on getting what you ask for CLARK'S

W. Clark, Limited MONTREAL.

FARMS FOR SALE.

E. W. DAWSON, Nicely Colborne Street Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, Write H. W. Dawson, Nicely Colborne St. Toronto.

E. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

SEED POTATOES.

NEW BRUNSWICK SEED POTATOES. On account of the war, this fall will be probably the best time to buy your seed potatoes for next year. Write me for price list of Varieties. C. Fred Fawcett, Under Sackville, N.B.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Herman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

GOOD WEEKLY IN LIVE TOWN IN York County, Ontario, and Book Business in connection. Price only \$1.00. Terms liberal. Wilson Publishing Co., 114 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

NOVA SCOTIA'S COAL FIELDS.

The Only Deposits on the Atlantic Seaboard.

The coalfields of Nova Scotia are the only coalfields in Eastern Canada and the only coal deposits in America on the Atlantic seaboard. The largest of these fields, the Sydney coalfield, lies along the eastern shore of Cape Breton Island, and covers an area of about 550 square miles. The field, which is indented by capacious ports, contains, it is estimated, 9 billion tons of coal in seams of more than 4 feet. Four companies operate in this field. The Dominion Coal Company possesses 17 collieries, and have an output of 4,719,614 tons of steam and metallurgical coal. The Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company possesses five collieries, and have an output of 811,434 tons, 216,891 tons of which are used for metallurgical purposes. The McKay Coal Company and the Colonial Coal Company possess two collieries, and have a combined output of 57,707 tons. The Sydney Coal Company operate one colliery, and last year raised 5,437 tons. The Cape Breton Coal, Iron and Railway Company opened a colliery at Broughton in the summer of 1913.

Tightwad.

Polly—When they came back from their wedding trip he had just \$2.60 in his pocket. Peggy—The stingy thing.

For Married Men Only

When your razor is dull as a hoe, ask your wife if she wants paring her corns. Get her Putnam's Corn Extractor; it's the only painless and safe cure. All dealers sell "Putnam's" at 50c per bottle.

The Belgian Army.

Although on a peace footing the Belgian army numbers only 47,000 officers and men, they have mobilized a quarter of a million men, armed with the Mauser and quick-firing Krupp field gun, for defence against the Germans.

Mindard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

No Canary Bird.

Mr. Exe—So you were at the Swelton's five o'clock tea. What did you have?

Mrs. Exe—A good appetite when I got home, my dear.

Mindard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

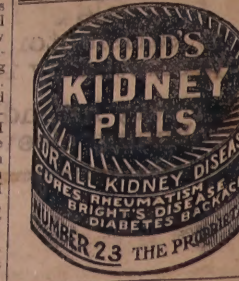
Justifiable.

"Why did you beat this man so terribly?" said the judge, indicating the bandaged figure of the plaintiff.

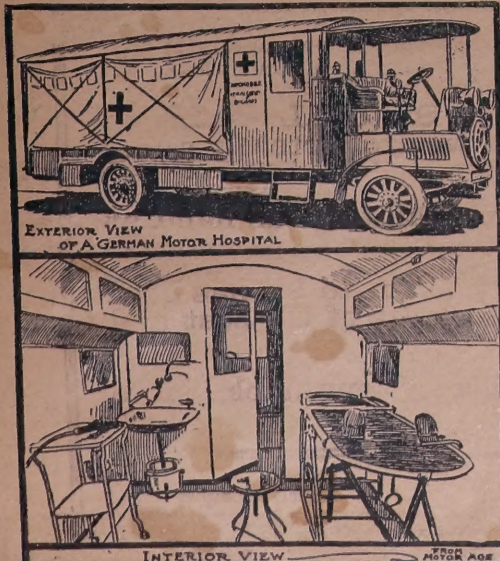
"I asked him why a horse had run away, your honor," explained the prisoner, "and he told me that it was because the animal had lost his equanimity."

"H'm," said the judge. "Discharged."

The wheel of fortune won't turn for you unless you put your shoulder to it.



ED. 4. ISSUE 4-14.



A German Motor Field Hospital.



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"AMERICANA"

Do you know that it is about the most desirable Ladies' Shoe that can be bought? We have a complete showing of this famous make. This shoe is always in the forefront of fashion, and enjoys a constantly increasing popularity. It would hardly be right to say this shoe is in the style. IT IS THE STYLE.

Prices \$2.50 to \$4.50 in Patent, Dongola and Gun Metal.

We have a full stock of Men's and Women's Fall and Winter Footwear, all at very reasonable prices.

See our Winter Hosiery for Women and Children.

Geo. E. Reynolds

Phone 60. Shoe King

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We would take this opportunity to notify the public that we will carry in stock at our home a first class line of

BUILDING LUMBER

Just received another car Dressed and Rough Lumber, House Finish, 18in Shingles, etc. We will also handle Silo building material. Get prices.

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ORATION AT STIRLING

Delivered by R. W. Bro. Col. W. N. Ponton at Laying of Corner Stone of Library

R. W. Bro. Col. W. N. Ponton, who delivered the oration at the corner-stone-laying by the Masons for the Public Library at Stirling on Monday afternoon spoke of the privilege enjoyed by the Masonic Craft, the "Builders," from time immemorial of laying the corner stones of edifices designed for religious, educational and philanthropic purposes. Stirling would have a great residential, social and intellectual asset in this new library. It should be a radiating centre of knowledge—especially for the boys and girls, those great imperial assets—but also it should be a rendezvous for the citizens—and should express the unity of the community, now more than ever felt in these critical days of our history. So here we plan for the "plains of peace," assured of ultimate victory after such sacrifice.

"Unity, mystery, majesty, grace, Stone upon stone, and each stone in its place."

is the ideal structure. But with the stone and brick, with all the ceremonial is needed the cement, the cement of public spirit, of good citizenship, of service. Alexandria, the Vatican, the British Museum, had their great libraries, but Stirling would have the most valuable possessions which those great treasure houses of the past possess; for in Stirling too, men and women can "hold high converse with the mighty dead"—Shakespeare and Milton and Tennyson, Moore and Burns, and the great Book of Books itself would adorn the shelves. A good reader makes a good book. The children of the brain of the great authors are quickened into life by the eager and discriminating reader. Applied science and history would equip and fit the young to work out the destiny before us in Canada; and the literature of chivalry will stir the patriotism of all who call Canada home, united in the firm resolve that our Dominion will never be trodden by the foot of foreign foe, and over her no foreign flag will ever float. Libraries are the shrines of the immortals, and here "our silent servants wait."—Ontario.

A young lad, Charlie Cooke, 14 years old, was accidentally killed at the G. T.R. station in Belleville on Sunday morning by being run over by a freight train.

The Marmora Herald gives an account of a record bear hunt at which two men, Jas. Hickey and Sanford Lawrence were the successful hunters. They were out in Lake township, and in one day bagged five bears. Bears must be plentiful in that district.

A Message To The

People Of Canada.

In response to urgent appeals from many parts of the Dominion, I inaugurated the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the object of which is to provide for the needs of the wives, families, and dependent relatives of those who go to the front to fight the battles of Great Britain and her Allies. Unless generous-minded citizens come to their aid, there will be, during the coming winter, much hardship in many families owing to the absence of the bread winner. I have the greatest confidence that those that are in a position to give need but the opportunity of doing so, and that the response will be wide-spread and generous.

During the past few days the Canadian Patriotic Fund has been duly organized, a strong Executive, representing the whole Dominion, has been appointed, and a central Bureau established at Ottawa.

I sincerely hope that in every city and town throughout the Dominion, branches of this organization may be formed, full particulars of which can be had by addressing the Honorary Secretary, Mr. H. B. Ames, M. P., Ottawa.

By co-ordinating and harmonizing benevolent efforts in this way, the danger of overlapping on the one hand, or neglecting deserving committees on the other hand, may be met and overcome.

I am convinced that all Canadian hearts will go out to their brave fellow citizens who have gone to the front. A prompt and hearty response to this appeal will put all anxiety at rest about those near and dear to them, and will also afford to those who cannot go, an opportunity of doing their duty to Canada and the Empire.

ARTHUR, President, Canadian Patriotic Fund, Government House, Ottawa.

CANADIAN PICTORIAL

Canada's Most Artistic and Popular Magazine

Its pictures pertaining to the war are alone worth the money.

This elegant magazine delights the eye while it instructs the mind concerning the picturesque doings of an interesting and highly entertaining world.

Each issue is literally crowded with the highest quality of photographs, many of them worth framing.

It is the most popular "Pick-me-up" on the waiting room tables of the leading doctors throughout the Dominion, and in the big public libraries it is literally "used up" by the many who are attracted by its entertaining and beautiful pages.

It's a "love at sight" publication and it has departmental features of great interest to the young woman and the home-maker.

Of it—just to quote one man's praise from among thousands—the late Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona wrote:

"The 'Canadian Pictorial' is a publication which, if I may be permitted to say so, is a credit to Canada." (Signed) STRATHCONA

On trial to new subscribers—Twelve issues for 63 cents. The "Canadian Pictorial" is published by THE "PICTORIAL" PUBLISHING CO., "Witness" Block, Montreal, Canada. Try it for a year.

England's Marching Song

"It's a Long Way to Tipperary" a Favorite Tune of the Army

"It's a Long Way to Tipperary" has become the marching song of the British Army, according to London dispatches. It is not widely known in this country. The words are:

Up to brightly London came an Irishman one day.

As the streets are paved with gold, sure every one was gay.

Singing songs of Piccadilly, Strand and Leicester square

Till Paddy got excited; then he shouted to them there:

CHORUS

It's a long way to Tipperary; it's a long way to go;

It's a long way to Tipperary, to the sweetest girl I know.

Goodbye Piccadilly! Farewell, Leicester square!

It's a long way to Tipperary, but my heart's right there.

Paddy wrote a letter to his Irish Molly O, saying: Should you not receive it, write me, and so

If I make mistakes in spelling, Molly dear, said he,

"Remember, it's the pen that's bad. Don't lay the blame on me."

Molly wrote a neat reply to Irish Paddy O, saying, "Mike Maloney wants to marry me, and so

Leave the Strand and Piccadilly, or you'll be to blame,

For love has fairly drove me silly, hoping you're the same."

One of the newspapers publishes a translation of "Tipperary" into the French language:

"Il y a bien loin d'ici a Tipperary

C'est un chemin bien long a faire!

Quoi qu'il m'attende au bout du trajet

La plus belle petite fille de la terre!

Adieu donc, mon cher vieux Piccadilly,

Adieu donc, Leicester Square!

Je vous quitte pour me rendre en Tipperary,

Car c'est lui qui m'est le plus cher."

Carbolic acid is manufactured entirely in Germany. Some is put out under American labels but the whole supply comes from the Kaiser's country and some is rebottled in the United States. The price has increased 400 per cent and a bottle that cost \$1 a month ago costs \$4 now. Quinine is another drug made in Germany and its price has made a wonderful leap. Aspirin has more than doubled. Citric acid is five times higher than a month ago, and tartaric acid is jumping. Cream of tartar, which is the sediment from French wine casks, also has doubled. Gum camphor, which industry is controlled by the Japanese government, has been increasing, and another skyward shoot is anticipated. Many other lines of drugs are making assertions of proportionate nature, and if the war is not settled soon some kinds will not be available at any price.

SCHOOL REPORT

S. S. No. 17, Rawdon.

Sr. IV.—Geography—Luella Matthews 77, Hazel McKenzie 72, Clara Snarr 62, Marjorie McGee 51.

Literature—Clara Snarr 71, Luella Matthews 68, Hazel McKenzie 65, Marjorie McGee 64.

Arithmetic—Marjorie McGee 60, Luella Matthews 77, Hazel McKenzie 40, Clara Snarr 9.

Reading—Marjorie McGee 45, Clara Snarr 45, Luella Matthews 42, Hazel McKenzie 42.

Writing—Hazel McKenzie 45, Marjorie McGee 45, Luella Matthews 41, Clara Snarr 39.

Spelling—Luella Matthews 50, Marjorie McGee 50, Clara Snarr 44, Hazel McKenzie 40.

Grammar—Marjorie McGee 98, Clara Snarr 94, Luella Matthews 86, Hazel McKenzie 84.

Composition—Clara Snarr 75, Marjorie McGee 73, Hazel McKenzie 71, Luella Matthews 70.

Jr. III.—Arithmetic—Albert Hinds 80.

Composition—Tillie Cotten 50, Albert Hinds 72.

Reading—Tillie Cotten 30, Albert Hinds 37.

Spelling—Albert Hinds 26, Tillie Cotten 26.

Writing—Tillie Cotten 38, Albert Hinds 35.

Geography—Albert Hinds 30.

Sr. II.—Arithmetic—George Cotten 9, Gertrude Hinds 80, Reggie McGee 80, Frank Dracup 79, Reggie Dracup 71.

Jr. II.—Clarence Dunham 60.

Reading—George Cotten 38, Clarence Dunham 38, Gertrude Hinds 35, Frank Dracup 34, Reggie McGee 34, Reggie Dracup 30.

Composition—Gertrude Hinds 65, George Cotten 60, Frank Dracup 40, Reggie Dracup 34.

Writing—Gertrude Hinds 38, George Cotten 31, Reggie Dracup 25, Frank Dracup 25, Clarence Dunham 20.

Spelling—Gertrude Hinds 47, Reggie McGee 35, George Cotten 34, Reggie Dracup 24, Clarence Dunham 14.

Jr. & Sr. I.—Reading—Delia Johnson 29, Sam Hinds 27, Leafa Dunham 25, Fred Dracup 20.

MISS N. TOTTEN, Teacher.

Report of Glen Ross School for September.

Names in order of merit.

Jr. IV.—Annie Abbott, Ray Armstrong.

Sr. III.—Evelyn Holden, Wava Wallace, Howard Holden, Retta Carlisle, Ethel Armstrong, Myrtle Brown, Hazel Smith.

II.—Vernon Holden, Fred Weaver, Hazel Mae Donald, John Carlisle, George Carlisle, Whitney Armstrong, Edith Abbott, Bruce Armstrong, Gordon Armstrong.

I.—Elma Armstrong, Frank Abbott, Clarice Holden, Violet Winsor, Walter Benedict.

Primer.—Sanford Wilson, Clifford MacDonald.

Visitors 3. Average attendance 23.

H. T. HUTCHINSON.

On Friday last Hon. J. S. Hendrie was sworn in as Lieut-Governor of Ontario.

Some Basic Principles of Agricultural Chemistry.

A pamphlet has been issued by the Central Experimental Farm entitled "The Farmer as a Manufacturer." It has been prepared by Mr. A. T. Stuart, B. A., Assistant Chemist, who has presented a number of simple illustrations of the chemical processes that take place in vegetable and animal life. The processes are indicated by which the farmer, whose raw materials are but air, water and soil, is able to manufacture therefrom an apparently endless variety of products—both plant and animal. It is shown, however, that their composition is to be easily understood, consisting as they do of but four principal constituents. The nature of the raw materials, the process of manufacture and the products are discussed.

Under the heading "Maintaining Fertility" it is pointed out that the farmer must exercise extreme care if he would keep his soil in the highest condition of productiveness. Soil is the real guardian of the farmer's capital, and the security is absolute. Try as he may he cannot "break the bank." He may bring about temporary derangement and dividends may for awhile be suspended, but invariably under better management prosperity can be restored and perhaps even larger profits than ever secured. The pamphlet, which is Bulletin No. 20, of the Second Series, is available to those to whom the information is of interest on application to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

School Report

The following is the report of S. S. No. 8, Rawdon, for the month of September. The percentage taken follows each name.

Sr. IV.—Lorena Totton 72, Ernest Mason 60, James Maybee 68.

Jr. IV.—Kathleen Jackman 70, Mabel Snarr 78, Lindsay Pollock 74, Harry Preston 73.

Sr. III.—May Totton 83, Merle Todd 74.

Jr. III.—Mildred Lucas 71, Ernest Maybee 70, Ward Stiles 67, Melville Bayliss 63, John Preston 62, Esma Brennen 61.

Sr. II.—Emma Totton 74, Wilfred Johnston 72, Claire Wellman 70, Clifford 66.

Jr. II.—Kenneth Bayliss 54, Dennis Brennen 50.

Sr. I.—Walter Johnston 70, Lelia Totton 78, Edna Fanning 65, Elsie Maybee 63, Annie Preston 63, Iona Wellman 40, Vincent Brennen 40.

Jr. I. (a)—Evelyn Totton, Bernice Watson, Grant Thain.

Jr. I. (b)—Olive Watson, Fleeta Bayliss, Blake Johnston, Ruth London.

No. on Roll 35. Average attendance 31.35.

M. FRANCES HINCHLiffe, Teacher.

Earthquakes in Asia Minor about midnight on Sunday caused great damage in several towns and it is reported 2,500 persons were killed and many injured.

STERLING HALL

ELLIOTT'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

I, THE UNDERSIGNED MERCHANT OF STIRLING, desiring to serve the interest of the Village of Stirling, pledge myself to do my utmost with a view towards controlling retail prices that they may not increase beyond the means of the citizens during the present war. It will be understood that prices may increase but we, as loyal Canadians, promise to carry on our business with the least margin of profit possible.

War was unavoidable and Canada must do her share. All of us firmly believe that the merchant who attempts to take advantage of the public in a crisis, such as this, is as much of a traitor to his flag as the man who sells the plan of a fortress.

Despite the fact that the great nations of Europe are engaged in war, the people of Canada must eat, sleep and buy clothes and carry on the usual routine. War does not mean ruination unless unscrupulous persons seek to take advantage of it.

We are still going to stay in business and do everything we can to protect our Customers. It is entirely unnecessary to purchase your stock all at one time. Forget the war during business hours, and always remember—Great Britain cannot lose.

Next Monday is Thanksgiving Day, so we are going to have a SPECIAL SALE on SATURDAY from 2 to 5 and from 7 to 10 o'clock. Do not miss this as we are certainly going to have surprises in store for you.

We purpose breaking all past records in the bargain lines, so do not fail to be on hand at the hours mentioned.

Our sale of LADIES' COATS AND SUITS this fall, early as it may seem to be, has been very satisfactory, which goes to show us that the lines we carry in stock are of the best and appreciated by the buying public.

Every intending purchaser of a Coat or Suit should have a look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Highest price paid for all kinds of produce

R. A. ELLIOTT

Parcels promptly delivered. Phone 22